Hear and listen

We use these verbs to talk about our sense of hearing - using our ears. But they have important differences in meaning.

'*Hear*' means that sounds come into our ears. It may not be something you intended to hear:

I **heard** a beep on my phone.
I suddenly **heard** a loud bang.
Can you speak up please? I can't **hear** you.

'Listen (to)' means that we try to hear. We pay attention and try to understand:

Listen! Is someone crying?
Listen to this song. Can you understand the lyrics?
I'm listening but I can't hear anything.

When we use listen with an object, we say listen + to + object,:

John is listening to the radio. Rosy is listening to her brother.

There is a difference between hear (public) and listen (to) (non-public) for radio, concerts, talks, lectures, etc.:

We went to **hear** the President's big speech last night. I **heard** Madonna singing "Like A Virgin" at the concert. Do you ever **listen to** Spotify?

Skills wise...now let's try:

1.	I canth	ne baby crying. There must	be something wrong.	
2.	Hey! The birds are singing again.			
3.	I can't	t you. My dad is hoovering up.		
4.	We	Ve something fall down the stairs.		
5.	Be quiet, please. I'm	to the radio.		
6.	Are you allowed to _	to music a	at work?	
7.	I haven't seen any lig	htning, but I just	some thunder.	
8.	Listen! Can you	the church bells? I	t must be ten o'clock.	
9.	I called my dad but h	e didn't me.		
10.	. I like	to different playlists o	on Spotify.	
11.	. I always	my dad.		