Despite, although and however

First, let's be sure we know what these three conjunctions mean:

Despite = in spite of / notwithstanding = *a pesar de* **Although** = in spite of the fact that; even though; though = *a pesar de que* **However** = in whatever way, manner, or state = *sin embargo*

<u>Despite</u> it being hot, she wore a jacket. <u>Although</u> it was hot, she insisted on wearing a jacket. She wore a jacket. <u>However</u>, she still felt cold.

Exercise

Now look at these sentences. Using **despite**, **although** and **however**, change them in the same way:

- 1. Bill is strong but gentle.
- 2. It's expensive but useless.
- 3. It's raining but it's not cold.
- 4. It's cold but we have to go.
- 5. They're rich but unhappy.
- 6. Granny's old but agile.
- 7. It's late but I am not tired.
- 8. Rosy ate dinner but she was still hungry.

Now try and use the three conjunctions in your own sentences. You can stick with one main idea or use your imagination and use them in three separate sentences.