

1. Conjunctions Quiz

1. The main job of a conjunction is to _____ two parts of a sentence.
 - a. invert
 - b. compare
 - c. join
2. Which of the following is a "compound" conjunction?
 - a. so big that
 - b. as long as
 - c. although
3. Which type of conjunction joins two parts of a sentence that are grammatically equal?
 - a. balancing
 - b. subordinating
 - c. coordinating
4. The word "although" can be used to join a dependent clause to a _____.
 - a. dependent clause
 - b. conjunction
 - c. main clause
5. Coordinating conjunctions always come _____ the words or clauses that they join.
 - a. after
 - b. between
 - c. before
6. The words "and", "but" and "so" are often classified as _____ conjunctions.
 - a. coordinating
 - b. subordinate
 - c. dependent
7. A subordinating conjunction comes _____ of a dependent clause.
 - a. at the start
 - b. in the middle
 - c. at the end
8. The words "although", "since" and "unless" are examples of common _____ conjunctions.
 - a. subordinating
 - b. coordinating
 - c. dependent
9. Another word for an independent clause is a _____:
 - a. unique clause
 - b. main clause
 - c. uniform clause

10. When "and" is used with the last word of a list, a comma is _____.

- a. optional
- b. never used
- c. required

2. Co-ordinating Conjunctions - complete these sentences with either so, and, or, but:

1. I'm going to go shopping on Sunday ____ buy some new clothes.
2. I've just eaten dinner _____ I'm not hungry
3. Why don't you ring Sue _____ find out what time she's coming over tonight?
4. Don't tell John about his birthday party _____ you'll spoil the surprise
5. I have been saving my money this year _____ next year I plan to take a long trip.

3. Co-ordinating Conjunctions – complete with for, and, nor, but, or, yet, so:

1. The old woman spoke neither Polish _____ Russian.
2. She tried to learn Chinese _____ it was too difficult.
3. Last night I was very tired _____ I went to sleep.
4. We have tickets for the cinema _____ the opera.
5. Would you like orange juice _____ cola?

4. Subordinating Conjunctions – after, that, in order to, until, although, because, since:

1. You can go and play _____ you have done your homework.
2. Roger went swimming _____ it was raining. He's crazy!
3. John is fat _____ he eats a lot of chocolate. He won't lose any weight _____ he stops eating all this chocolate. He is going on a diet _____ lose weight.
4. She hasn't seen her son _____ he was a little boy.
5. Tom went to the doctor yesterday _____ he was ill.
6. I know someone _____ can speak 12 languages.

Conjunctions Quiz – answers

1. The main job of a conjunction is to **join** two parts of a sentence.
2. Which of the following is a "compound" conjunction? **as long as**
3. Which type of conjunction joins two parts of a sentence that are grammatically equal? **coordinating conjunction**
4. The word "although" can be used to join a dependent clause to a **main clause**.
5. Coordinating conjunctions always come **between** the words or clauses that they join.
6. The words "and", "but" and "so" are often classified as **coordinating** conjunctions.
7. A subordinating conjunction comes **at the start of** a dependent clause.
8. The words "although", "since" and "unless" are examples of common **subordinating** conjunctions.
9. Another word for an independent clause is a **main clause**.
10. When "and" is used with the last word of a list, a comma is **optional**.